JMS Configuration Multi Entity Guide Oracle Banking APIs Release 20.1.0.0.0

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JMS Configuration Multi Entity Guide May 2020

Oracle Financial Services Software Limited Oracle Park Off Western Express Highway Goregaon (East) Mumbai, Maharashtra 400 063 India Worldwide Inquiries: Phone: +91 22 6718 3000 Fax:+91 22 6718 3001 www.oracle.com/financialservices/

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# 1. Preface

## 1.1 Intended Audience

This document is intended for the following audience:

- Customers
- Partners

## 1.2 **Documentation Accessibility**

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <a href="http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc">http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc</a>.

### 1.3 Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

### 1.4 Structure

This manual is organized into the following categories:

Preface gives information on the intended audience. It also describes the overall structure of the User Manual.

The subsequent chapters describes following details:

- Introduction
- Preferences & Database
- Configuration / Installation.

### 1.5 <u>Related Information Sources</u>

For more information on Oracle Banking APIs Release 20.1.0.0.0, refer to the following documents:

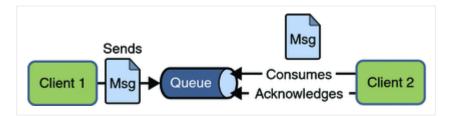
Oracle Banking APIs Installation Manuals



# 2. Objective and Scope

### 2.1 <u>Background</u>

JMS (Java Message Service) is an API that provides the facility to create, send and read messages. It provides loosely coupled, reliable communication. Messaging enables distributed communication that is loosely coupled. A component sends a message to a destination, and the recipient can retrieve the message from the destination. However, the sender and the receiver do not have to be available at the same time in order to communicate. In fact, the sender does not need to know anything about the receiver; nor does the receiver need to know anything about the sender. The sender and the receiver need to know only which message format and which destination to use.JMS configuration is required to send message (request) to external system and receive processed message (response) from external system.



# 2.2 Objective and Scope

Define a common set of messaging concepts and facilities. The scope of this document is to provide steps to configure foreign server for connecting external system using JNDI provider and configure JMS queue to receive data from external system. Foreign server is used to send message to external system with help of JNDI Initial, JNDI connection url, JNDI connection factory and JNDI destination. To configure JMS receiver queue in web logic we have to create JMS server and JMS module. Where JMS module include creation of JMS connection factory, JMS queue and SubDeployment.

<u>Home</u>



# 3. JMS Step 1: Create foreign server in a weblogic server

### 3.1 Introduction and Definitions

A Foreign Server represents a JNDI provider that is outside WebLogic server. It contains information that allows a local WebLogic Server instance to reach a remote JNDI provider, thereby allowing for a number of foreign connection factory and destination objects to be defined on one JNDI directory.

### 3.1.1 Create a JMS Module

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select New
- Name: HostSystemModule
- Leave the other options empty
- Targets: obapi\_server
- Press Next
- Leave "Would you like to add resources to this JMS system module" unchecked and press Finish .

	Modules			
Ne	w Delete	1		Showing 1 to 7 of 7 Previous   Next
	Name 🙈	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	EndPointJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	extXfaceJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	HostSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Ne	w Delete			Showing 1 to 7 of 7 Previous   Next

### 3.1.2 Create a foreign Server

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule and press New
- Select Foreign Server and Next
- Name: ForeignServer (Once you create a foreign server, you cannot rename it. Instead, you must delete it and create another one that uses the new name) and Click Next to proceed to the targeting page or click **Finish** to create the foreign server.

Sur	nmary of Resources				
N	Delete			Showir	ig 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next
	Name 🙈	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
	ForeignServer	Foreign Server	N/A	Default Targeting	obdx_server
N	ew Delete			Showir	ig 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next



#### 3.1.3 To configure additional properties for the new foreign server

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule
- Click on ForeignServer
- On the Configuration> General tab
- Enter Following details.
  - JNDI Initial: enter the name of the class that must be instantiated to access the JNDI provider. For example (weblogic.jndi.WLInitialContextFactory)
  - JNDI Connection URL: enter the URL that WebLogic Server uses to contact the JNDI provider. (http://IP:port)
- Click Save.

Configuration Subdeployment	Notes	
General Destinations Connecti	ion Factories	
Save		
	provider that resides outside a WebLogic Server. It contains information th destination objects (queues or topics) can be defined on one JNDI directo	at allows WebLogic Server to reach the remote JNDI provider. This way, a ry. Use this page to configure a foreign server.
街 Name:	ForeignServer	The name of this foreign server. More Info
JNDI Initial Context Factory:	weblogic.jndi.WLInitialCont	The name of the class that must be instantiated to access the JNDI provider. This class name depends on the JNDI provider and the vendor that are being used. More Info
個 JNDI Connection URL:	http://mum00aoz.in.oracle.com:6003	The URL that WebLogic Server will use to contact the JNDI provider. The yntax of this URL depends on which JNDI provider is being used. For WebLogic JMS, leave this field blank if you are referencing WebLogic JMS
		objects within the same cluster. More Info
JNDI Properties Credential:		Any Credentials that must be set for the JNDI provider. These Credentials will be part of the properties will be passed directly to the constructor for the JNDI provider's InitialContext class. Note: For secure credential management, use the Credential field. Using the Properties field results in the credential being stored and displayed as oxiginally cantered. More

### 3.1.4 Create foreign connection factories

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule
- Click on ForeignServer
- On the Configuration> Connection Factories tab press New
- Enter Following details
  - > Name: enter a name for the foreign connection factory.
  - Local JNDI Name: specify the name that the remote object will be bound to in the local server's JNDI tree and is used to look up the object on the local server.
  - Remote JNDI Name: specify the name of the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI directory.
- Click Ok.



Settings fo	or Forei	gnConi	nectionFa	actory				
Configura	ation	Notes						
Save								
instance	e of Webl	.ogic Se	erver runni		ferent cluster or server, or	other server instance and is accessible vi a foreign provider, as long as that provi		ote connection factory can be used to refer to another NDI.
街 Name	e:			Foreign	ConnectionFactory		The name of	this foreign connection factory. More Info
୶ Local	JNDI N	ame:		Host	QCF		JNDI tree. Th	at the remote object will be bound to in the local server's is is the name that should be used to look up the object on rer. More Info
街 Remo	ote JND	I Name	5:	Host	QCF		The name of lirectory. N	the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI fore Info
Settings fo	or Forei	InServ	er					
Configura			loyment	Notes				
General	Destina	tions	Connect	tion Facto	ries			
another i	instance	of Web	Logic Sen	/er running	nection factory that resid in a different cluster or s factories that have been	erver, or a foreign provider, as long as th	sible via JNDI. Iat provider su	. A remote connection factory can be used to refer to poports JNDI.
Customi	ize this	table						
Foreign (	Connec	tion Fa	ctories (F	iltered - I	More Columns Exist)			
New	Delete							Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next
🔲 Nar	me 🚕					Local JNDI Name		Remote JNDI Name
E Fore	eignConi	nectionF	actory			HostQCF		HostQCF
New	Delete							Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next

### 3.1.5 Create foreign destinations

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select HostSystemModule
- Click on ForeignServer
- On the Configuration>Destination tab press New
- Enter Following details
  - > Name: enter a name for the foreign destination.
  - Local JNDI Name: specify the name that the remote object will be bound to in the local server's JNDI tree and is used to look up the object on the local server.
  - Remote JNDI Name: specify the name of the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI directory.
- Click Ok.



Settings for ForeignDestin	ation		
Configuration Notes			
Save			
	I the object will be returned from		local server, a look-up will be performed automatically on the
街 Name:	ForeignDestination	The	name of this foreign destination. More Info
🖞 Local JNDI Name:	HostProcess	JND	name that the remote object will be bound to in the local server's I tree. This is the name that should be used to look up the object on local server. More Info
🚝 Remote JNDI Name:	HostProcess		name of the remote object that will be looked up in the remote JNDI ctory. More Info
Configuration Subdeplo	yment Notes		
General Destinations	Connection Factories		
JNDI directory, and the ob	c or queue) can be found on a ject will be returned from that d foreign destinations that have b	irectory.	ocal server, a look-up will be performed automatically on the remote
Customize this table			
Foreign Destinations			
New Delete			Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next
🔲 Name 🐟		Local JNDI Name	Remote JNDI Name
ForeignDestination		HostProcess	HostProcess
New Delete			Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next

Home



# 4. JMS Step 2 - How to Create a Simple JMS Queue in Weblogic Server

# 4.1 Introduction and Definitions

A JMS queue in Weblogic Server is associated with a number of additional resources:

#### JMS Server

A JMS server acts as a management container for resources within JMS modules. Some of its responsibilities include the maintenance of persistence and state of messages and subscribers. A JMS server is required in order to create a JMS module.

#### **JMS Module**

A JMS module is a definition which contains JMS resources such as queues and topics. A JMS module is required in order to create a JMS queue.

#### Subdeployment

JMS modules are targeted to one or more WLS instances or a cluster. Resources within a JMS module, such as queues and topics are also targeted to a JMS server or WLS server instances. A subdeployment is a grouping of targets. It is also known as advanced targeting.

#### **Connection Factory**

A connection factory is a resource that enables JMS clients to create connections to JMS destinations.

#### JMS Queue

A JMS queue (as opposed to a JMS topic) is a point-to-point destination type. A message is written to a specific queue or received from a specific queue.

The objects used in this example are:

Object Name	Туре	JNDI Name
ExtXfaceJMSServer	JMS Server	
extXfaceJMSModule	JMS Module	
extXfaceSubdeployment	Subdeployment	
ReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	

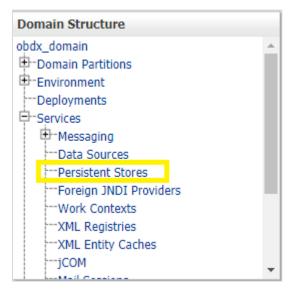


Object Name	Туре	JNDI Name
ReceiverQueue	JMS Queue	

1. Configuration Steps-The following steps are done in the WebLogic Server Console, beginning with the left-hand navigation menu.

#### Create Persistent store-

- Here you have to Create a new persistent store (Once the persistent store is created that can be used for both sender and receiver serever. Hence there is no nedd to create a different persistent store for two different servers.) Hence Before creating a JMS server you need to create the Persistent store if its not already created. Follow the steps shown below for creating a persistent store.
- Select Services > Persistent Stores.



First Select Lock & Edit as shown-

Change Center
View changes and restarts
Click the Lock & Edit button to modify, add or delete items in this domain.
Lock & Edit
Release Configuration



• Select new and the select create FileStore from the list as shown below-

rsistent Stores							
New Delete Showing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous   N							
Create FileStore	Туре	Target	Scope	Domain Partitions			
Create ReplicatedStore (Exalogic)	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global Global				
	FileStore	obdx_server1					
EndPointFS	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				
FileUploadFileStore	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				
mds-owsm	FileStore		Global				
ReportsFileStore	FileStore	obdx_server1	Global				

- Give the name of the filestore. Example- EndPointFS and the Directory location, example /scratch/obapi/wls. Directory location field is optional and the path given above is just an example, it may vary according to the server.
- Click Next.
- Select the target server as shown in following snapshot-

	inistration Console 12c
Change Center	🟦 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Services >Summary of Persistent Stores >Summary of Services >Summary of Persistent Stores >EndPointFS >Summary of Persistent Stores
No pending changes exist. Click the Release	Create a New File Store
Configuration button to allow others to edit the domain.	Back Next Finish Cancel
Lock & Edit	IMC File Chan Taranha
Release Configuration	JMS File Store Targets
Domain Structure	This page indicates on which WebLogic Server instances or clusters the jms file store is accessible. Only applications that have been deployed to the sele
obdx_domain	When you target all or part of a cluster, the Administration Console initiates a two-phase deployment. In general, such a deployment ensures that if the
Domain Partitions     Environment	
Deployments	Select a server instance for this file store.
-Services	Target: obdx_server T
Messaging     Data Sources	
Persistent Stores	Back Next Finish Cancel
Foreign JNDI Providers	Termi Troub Termini
Work Contexts	

• Click Finish.



### 4.1.1 Create a JMS Server-

Services > Messaging > JMS Servers



#### Select New.

Ne	Delete					Sho	wing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous   Ne
	Name 🚕	Persistent Store	Target	Current Target	Health	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMSServer	AsyncFailureLogFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	AuditJMSServer	AuditFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	FileUploadJMSServer	FileUploadFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ReportsJMSServer	ReportsFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	

- Name: Give name as for example-ExtxfaceReceiverServer.
- After naming the server **Click next** as shown in following example screenshot.

Create a New JMS Server						
Back Next Finish Ca	ancel					
JMS Server Properties						
The following properties will be used to identify your new JMS Server. * Indicates required fields						
What would you like to name your new JMS server?						
街 * Name:	* Name: ExtxfaceReceiverServer					
Would you like this new JMS server to be restricted to a specific resource group template or resource group ?						
Scope:	Global •					
Back Next Finish Ca	ancel					

- **Persistent Store**: Select the name Persistent store from the dropdown list which was created in the previous step. Example-EndPointFS.
- Click Next.



Create a New JMS Server							
Back Next Finish Cancel							
Select Persistent Store							
Specify a persistent store for the ne	Specify a persistent store for the new JMS server.						
Persistent Store: EndPointFS							
Back Next Finish Cancel	]						

- **Target**: Target should Point to the **Weblogic server cluster** as in this case target is set to **obapi\_server1** cluster. (Or any other available cluster).
- Click Finish.

Create a New JMS Server						
Back Next Finish Cancel						
Select targets						
Select the server instance or migratable target on which you would like to deploy this JMS server.						
Target: obdx_server1 v						
Back Next Finish Cancel						

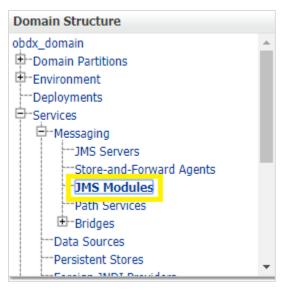
#### The JMS server should now be visible in the list.

MS Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)							
Click the Lock & Edit button in the Change Center to activate all the buttons on this page.							
New Delete Showing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous   Next							
	Name 🚕	Persistent Store	Target	Current Target	Health	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMSServer	AsyncFailureLogFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	AuditJMSServer	AuditFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderServer	EndPointFS	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	FileUploadJMSServer	FileUploadFileStore	obdx_server1	obdx_server1		Global	
	ReportsJMSServer	ReportsFileStore	obdx server1	obdx_server1		Global	



### 4.1.2 Create a JMS Module

• Services > Messaging > JMS Modules.



• Select New.

lev	Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous   Next
)	Name 🐟	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
T	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	

- Name: Provide name for JMS Module.
- Leave the other options empty.
- Click Next.



What would you like to name your Sy	/stem Module?
* Name:	ExtxfaceReceiverModule
Would you like this new JMS System	Module to be restricted to a specific resource group template or resource group ?
Scope:	Global •
What would you like to name the des	criptor file name? If you do not provide a name, a default will be assigned.
Descriptor File Name:	
Where would like to place the descrip	otor for this System Module, relative to the jms configuration sub-directory of your domain?
Location In Domain:	
Back Next Finish Cancel	

• Targets: **Obdx\_Cluster** (or choose any other clusters available).

#### • Press Next.

Targets :		
Servers		
AdminServer		
Clusters		
<ul> <li>obdx_cluster</li> <li>All servers in the cluster</li> <li>Part of the cluster</li> <li>obdx_server1</li> </ul>		
Back Next Finish Cancel		

Leave "Would you like to add resources to this JMS system module" unchecked and press  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Finish}}$  .



	Modules w Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous   Ne
)	Name 🏟	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
D	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
)	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	

### 4.1.3 Create a SubDeployment

A subdeployment is not necessary for the JMS queue to work, but it allows you to easily target subcomponents of the JMS module to a single target or group of targets. We will use the subdeployment in this example to target the following connection factory and JMS queue to the JMS server we created earlier.

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules.
- Select ExtxfaceReceiverModule.

15	Modules			
Ne	W Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous   N
	Name 🙈	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	

• Select the **Subdeployments** tab and click **New.** 



Settings for ExtxfaceReceiverModule						
Configuration	Subdeployments	Targets	Security	Notes		
This page displays subdeployments created for a JMS system module. A subdeployment is a mechanism by which JMS module resources (such as queues, topics, and connection factories) are grouped and targeted to a server resource (such as JMS servers, server instances, or cluster).						
New Delete Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next						
🔲 Name 🖉	6			Re	sources	Targets
Extxface	ReceiverSubDep			Ext	xfaceReceiverQueue	ExtxfaceReceiverServer
New Dele	te					Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next

- Subdeployment Name: give subdeployment name. example- ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep
- Press Next.

Create a New Subdeployment	
Back Next Finish Cancel	
Subdeployment Properties	
The following properties will be used to identify your new sul * Indicates required fields	.bdeployment.
* Subdeployment Name:	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep
Back Next Finish Cancel	

- Here you can select the target(s) for the subdeployment. You can choose either Servers (i.e. WebLogic managed servers, such as the **obapi\_server**) or JMS Servers such as the JMS Server created earlier. As the purpose of our subdeployment in this example is to target a specific JMS server, we will choose the JMS Server option. Select the <u>ExtxfaceReceiverServer</u> created earlier.
- Press Finish.

Targets Please select targets for the Subdeployment	
Clusters	
obdx_cluster     All servers in the cluster     Part of the cluster     obdx_server1	
JMS Servers	
AsyncFailureLogJMSServer	
AuditJMSServer	
✓ ExtxfaceReceiverServer	
ExtxfaceSenderServer	
FileUploadJMSServer	
ReportsJMSServer	
Back Next Finish Cancel	



### 4.1.4 Create a Connection Factory

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select ExtxfaceReceiverModule and press New.

IMS Modules								
New Delete Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous   Nex								
	Name 🗞	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions				
	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					

Summary of Resources							
New Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   Next							
	Name 🐟	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets		
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1		
	ExtxfaceReceiverQueue	Queue	ExtSystemReceiverQueue	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer		

#### • Select Connection Factory and click Next.

Use these pages to create resources in a JMS system module, such as queues, topics, templates, and connection factories.					
Depending on the type of resource you select, you are prompted to enter basic information for creating the resource. For targetable resources, like stand-alone queues and topics, connection factories, distributed queues and topics, foreign servers, and JMS SAF destinations, you can also proceed to targeting pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You can also associate targetable resources with subdeployments, which is an advanced mechanism for grouping JMS module resources and the members to server resources.					
Defines a set of connection configuration parameters that are used to create connections for JMS clients. More Info					
Defines a point-to-point destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a queue is distributed to only one consumer. More info					
Defines a publish/subscribe destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a topic is distributed to all topic consumers. More Info					

- Name: Give name of the connection factory example- ExtxfaceReceiverQCF. JNDI Name: ExtSystemReceiverQCF.
- Click Next.



Create a New JMS System Module Resour	rce
Back Next Finish Cancel	
Connection Factory Properties	
The following properties will be used to iden * Indicates required fields	ntify your new connection factory. The current module is ExtxfaceReceiverModule.
What would you like to name your new conne	ection factory?
* Name:	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF
What JNDI Name would you like to use to loo	ok up your new connection factory?
JNDI Name:	ExtSystemReceiverQCF
The Connection Factory Subscription Sharing sharable?	Policy Subscribers can be used to control which subscribers can access new subscriptions. Should subscriptions created using this factory be
Subscription Sharing Policy:	Exclusive •
	than one JMS connection can use the same Client ID. Oracle recommends setting the Client ID policy to Unrestricted if sharing durable ent Client ID policies are always treated as independent subscriptions. What Client ID Policy would you like to use?
Client ID Policy:	Restricted •
A connection factory can limit the number of	messages that can queued for an asynchronous session. Should this connection factory impose a limit?
Maximum Messages per Session:	10

- Select Default Targeting Enabled and Press Finish
- The connection factory should be listed on the following page with **Default Targeting** as Subdeployment and WebLogic cluster as the target.

### 4.1.5 Create a JMS Queue

- Services > Messaging > JMS Modules
- Select ExtxfaceReceiverModule and Click New.

MS Modules								
New Delete Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous   Next								
	Name 🙈	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions				
D	AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
D	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global					
D	FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global					
D	ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					
	UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global					

Summary of Resources							
New Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   Next							
	Name 🖚	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets		
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1		
- 1				ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer		



• Select Queue and Click Next.

Choose the type of resource you want to create.	
Jse these pages to create resources in a JMS system module, such	as queues, topics, templates, and connection factories.
connection factories, distributed queues and topics, foreign servers	o enter basic information for creating the resource. For targetable resources, like stand-alone queues and topics, s, and JMS SAF destinations, you can also proceed to targeting pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You h is an advanced mechanism for grouping JMS module resources and the members to server resources.
Connection Factory	Defines a set of connection configuration parameters that are used to create connections for JMS clients. More Info
) Queue	Defines a point-to-point destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a queue is distributed to only one consumer. More Info
) Торіс	Defines a publish/subscribe destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a topic is distributed to all topic consumers. More Info
Distributed Queue	Defines a set of queues that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, bu which are accessible as a single, logical queue to JMS clients. More Info

- Name: Provide name of the message queue. example- ExtxfaceReceiverQueue.
   JNDI Name: Provide JNDI name. example- ExtSystemReceiverQueue.
   Template: None.
- Press Next.

Create a New JMS Syst	em Module Resource					
Back Next Finish	1 Cancel					
JMS Destination Pro	JMS Destination Properties					
The following propertie	The following properties will be used to identify your new Queue. The current module is ExtxfaceReceiverModule.					
* Indicates required field	* Indicates required fields					
* Name:	ExtxfaceReceiverQueue					
JNDI Name:	ExtSystemReceiverQueue					
Template:	None •					
Back Next Finish	Cancel					

- **Subdeployments:** Give the name of the sub-deployment name in which Queue is supposed to be added. **Example-** ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep.
- Select the Target as <u>ExtxfaceReceiverServer</u> Click Finish.



Back Next Finish Cancel					
The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource					
Use this page to select a subdeployment to assign this system module resource. A subdeployment is a mechanism by which JMS resources are grouped and targeted to a server instance, cluster, or SAF agent. If necessary, you can create a new subdeployment by clicking the <b>Create a New Subdeployment</b> button. You can also reconfigure subdeployment targets later by using the parent module's subdeployment management page.					
Select the subdeployment you want to use. If you select (none), no targeting will occur.					
Subdeployments: ExbsfaceReceiverSubDep   Create a New Subdeployment					
What targets do you want to assign to this subdeployment?					
Targets :					
JMS Servers					
AsyncFailureLogJMSServer					
AuditJMSServer					
ExtxfaceReceiverServer					
C ExtxfaceSenderServer					
FileUploadJMSServer					
ReportsJMSServer					

The **ReceiverQueue** should be listed on the following page with Sub-deployment as **ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep** and target as **ExtxfaceReceiverServer**.

Cu	Customize this table							
Sun	summary of Resources							
Ne	New Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   N							
	Name 🖚	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets			
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1			
	ExtxfaceReceiverQueue	Queue	ExtSystemReceiverQueue	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer			
Ne	ew Delete			2	Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   Nex			

Confirm the resources for the **ExtxfaceReceiverModule**. Using the Domain Structure tree, navigate to Services > Messaging > JMS Modules then select **ExtxfaceReceiverModule** 

bbdx_domain  Domain Partitions Domain Partitions Deployments Services		tomize this table Modules y Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous   Nex
-MessagingJMS Servers		Name 🚕	Туре	Scope	Domain Partitions
Store-and-Forward Agents		AsyncFailureLogJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Path Services		AuditJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Bridges     Data Sources		ExtxfaceReceiverModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Persistent Stores		ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Terrise MIDT Deviders		ExtxfaceSenderModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
low do I		ExtxfaceSenderModule2	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Configure JMS system modules		FileUploadJMS	JMSSystemResource	Global	
Configure resources for JMS system modules		ReportsJMSModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
		UBSSystemModule	JMSSystemResource	Global	
system Status	Nev	W Delete			Showing 1 to 9 of 9 Previous   Ne



You should see the following resources-

um	mary of Resources					
New Delete Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next						
	Name 🐟	Туре	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets	
	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF	Connection Factory	ExtSystemReceiverQCF	Default Targeting	obdx_server1	
	ExtxfaceReceiverQueue	Queue	ExtSystemReceiverQueue	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep	ExtxfaceReceiverServer	

The JMS queue is now complete and can be accessed using the JNDI names

#### ExtSystemReceiverQCF And ExtSystemReceiverQueue..

**Note**: Repeat the above process from the step 4.1 i.e Create File-Store to create the JMS Configuration for Sender module. Separate JMS Server , Module and Queues would get created for Sender.

In case of a multi-entity setup where Third-party entity is not a base entity after Creating the JMS configuration for both the Receiver and sender you have to manually deploy the ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB.ear on weblogic server present in the installebes. After deploying the ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB and restarting the server, check the state of the application by going in **Deployments** wizard on the weblogic server console. If it is not in "Active" state, it needs to be started manually, to do so, follow the steps mentioned below by keeping server in 'Running' state-

• Go into the **Control** tab.

Change Center	🔒 н	iome Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record H	elp Q						
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Services >Summary of Persistent Stores >Summary of Persistent Stores >Summary of Persistent Stores >Summary of Deployments								
-		nary of Deployments							
No pending changes exist. Click the Release Configuration button to allow others to edit the	Summ								
domain.	Conf	figuration Control Monitoring							
Lock & Edit									
Release Configuration	This page displays the list of Java EE applications and standalone application modules installed to this domain.								
Domain Structure	You	u can update (redeploy) or delete installed	applications and modules from the domain by selecting the checkbox next	t to the application name	e and ther	n using the	controls on this pa	ge.	
bdx_domain	To	install a new application or module for dep	oyment to targets in this domain, click Install.						
Domain Partitions									
Environment Deployments	D Cu	stomize this table							
Services									
⊕-Messaging	Dep	ployments							
···Data Sources	Ins	Install Update Delete							
Persistent Stores Foreign JNDI Providers		Name 🔗			State	Health	Туре	Targets	
···Work Contexts					Juic	meanen	1100		
····XML Registries ····XML Entity Caches		adf.oracle.businesseditor(1.0,12.2.1.0	.0)		Active		Library	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	
jCOM Mail Sessions		adf.oracle.domain(1.0,12.2.1.0.0)			Active		Library	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	
How do I		adf.oracle.domain.webapp(1.0,12.2.1	0.0)		Active		Library	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	
Install an enterprise application     Configure an enterprise application		E BatchResourceAdapter			Active		Enterprise Application	obdx_server	
Update (redeploy) an enterprise application Monitor the modules of an enterprise		Scoherence-transaction-rar			Active	🖋 ок	Resource Adapter	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	
Monitor the modules of an enterprise application Deploy EJB modules		E com.ofss.digx.app.connector			Active	🛩 ок	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	
Install a Web application		E DMS Application (12.2.1.0.0)			Active	🖋 ок	Web Application	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	

• From the List of applications select the checkbox before **ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB ear**.



		Monitoring							
			plications and standalone application modules installed to this don modules from the domain by selecting the checkbox next to the a		n this page.				
	omize this table								
	oyments								
	tv Stopv							owing 1 to	10 of 13 Previous   Ne
	Name 🗠			State	Healt	Туре	Targets	Scope	Domain Partitions
	E BatchResourceA	dapter		Active		Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global	
	coherence-transact	on-rar		Active	🖋 ОК	Resource Adapter	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	Global	
	E com.ofss.digx.a	p.connector		Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global	
	DMS Application	(12.2.1.0.0)		Active	🖋 ОК	Web Application	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	Global	
	⊞ em			Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	AdminServer	Global	
	Ⅲ ExtxfaceSimulat	mMDB		Prepar	ed 🖋 OK	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global	
	E obdx.app.rest.id	m		Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global	
	€ obdx.app.soap			Active	🖋 ок	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global	
	opss-rest			Active	🖋 ок	Web Application	AdminServer	Global	
	state-management-	provider-mem	pry-rar	Active	🖋 ОК	Resource Adapter	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	Global	
Star	t v Stop v						Sh	owing 1 to	10 of 13 Previous   Ne

Select the 'Start' dropdown list and from that select option-"Servicing all requests".

Sta	Start v Stop v Showing 1 to 1							
	Name 🐵	State	Health	Туре	Targets	Scope		
	BatchResourceAdapter	Active		Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global		
	coherence-transaction-rar	Active	🖋 ОК	Resource Adapter	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	Global		
	com.ofss.digx.app.connector	Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global		
	DMS Application (12.2.1.0.0)	Active	🖋 ОК	Web Application	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	Global		
	⊞ em	Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	AdminServer	Global		
	ExtrfaceSimulatorMDB	Prepared	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global		
	⊞ obdx.app.rest.idm	Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global		
	⊞ obdx.app.soap	Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	obdx_server	Global		
	I opss-rest	Active	🖋 ОК	Web Application	AdminServer	Global		
	state-management-provider-memory-rar	Active	🖋 ОК	Resource Adapter	AdminServer, ExtXface_Server, obdx_server	Global		
Sta	art y Stop y				Sho	owing 1 to 1		
Se	rvicing all requests							
Se	Servicing only administration requests							

**Note**: Whenever a new Entity is created within a setup(i.e multiple third party entities) the following mentioned steps should be followed in order to enable support for MultiEntity.

In order to enable the support for newly created Entity, Sender/Receiver Connection Factories and Queues are needed to be created within a new Sender/Receiver JMS Modules. These modules can be hosted on the same Sender/Receiver JMS server created as per the steps defined in section 4.1.1 (Create JMS Server) for the earlier Entity.

 Create a new JMS Module by repeating steps given in section <u>4.1.2</u>(Creating JMS Module), on the same JMS server with new names as follows-

	JMS Module Name
Sender JMS Module	ExtxfaceSenderModule2
Receiver JMS Module	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2

 Create a new SubDeployment within both Sender/Receive module created with above step by repeating the procedure given in section <u>4.1.3</u> (Create JMS Subdeployment) with the new name as follows-



	JMS Module Name	SubDeployment Name
Sender JMS Module	ExtxfaceSenderModule2	ExtxfaceReceiverSubDep2
Receiver JMS Module	ExtxfaceReceiverModule2	ExtxfaceSenderSubDep2

 Create Sender/Receiver connection factories within newly created module by following the steps defined in the section <u>4.1.4</u>(Creating Connection Factories), with different names as follows-

	Connection Factory Name	Connection Factory JNDI Name
Sender Connection Factory	ExtxfaceSenderQCF2	ExtSystemSenderQCF2
Receiver Connection Factory	ExtxfaceReceiverQCF2	ExtSystemReceiverQCF2

 Create Sender/Receiver JMS queues within newly created JMS module by repeating the steps given in section <u>4.1.5</u> (Creating JMS Queues), with the new names to the sender/receiver queues as follows-

	JMS Queue Name	JMS Queue JNDI Name
Sender JMS Queue	ExtxfaceSenderQueue2	ExtSystemSenderQueue2
Receiver JMS Queue	ExtxfaceReceiverQueue2	ExtSystemReceiverQueue2



After creating the new JMS sender/receiver modules, connection factories and queues by following the above defined steps. Further Redeploy the ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB.ear with the following changes -

 Add new <message-driven> tag in ejb-jar.xml (Path-ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB.ear\com.ofss.digx.extxface.mdb.jar\META-INF\ ejb-jar.xml) as shown below –

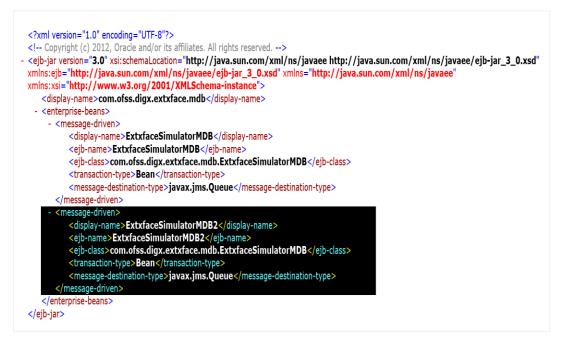


Fig.1 ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB.ear\com.ofss.digx.extxface.mdb.jar\META-INF\ejb-jar.xml

<message-driven>

<display-name>ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB2</display-name>

<ejb-name>ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB2</ejb-name>

<ejb-class>com.ofss.digx.extxface.mdb.ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB</ejb-class>

<transaction-type>Bean</transaction-type>

<message-destination-type>javax.jms.Queue</message-destination-type>

</message-driven>

**Note**: As Shown in above example the value of the <ejb-class> sub-tag in <message-driven> tag should be same for all the Entities.



 Add new <weblogic-enterprise-bean> configuration tag in weblogic-ejb-jar (Path-ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB.ear\com.ofss.digx.extxface.mdb.jar\META-INF\ weblogic-ejb-jar) as shown below-

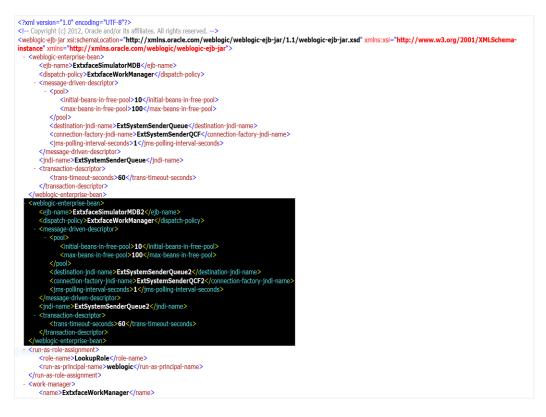


Fig.2 ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB.ear\com.ofss.digx.extxface.mdb.jar\META-INF\weblogic-ejb-jar.xml



<weblogic-enterprise-bean>

<ejb-name>ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB2</ejb-name>

<dispatch-policy>ExtxfaceWorkManager</dispatch-policy>

<message-driven-descriptor>

<pool>

<initial-beans-in-free-pool>10</initial-beans-in-free-pool>

<max-beans-in-free-pool>100</max-beans-in-free-pool>

</pool>

<destination-jndi-name>ExtSystemSenderQueue2</destination-jndi-name>

<connection-factory-jndi-name>ExtSystemSenderQCF2</connection-factory-jndi-

name>

<jms-polling-interval-seconds>1</jms-polling-interval-seconds>

</message-driven-descriptor>

<jndi-name>ExtSystemSenderQueue2</jndi-name>

<transaction-descriptor>

<trans-timeout-seconds>60</trans-timeout-seconds>

</transaction-descriptor>

</weblogic-enterprise-bean>

**Note**: <destination-jndi-name> i.e. JNDI name of the JMS sender queue should be same as given while creating the queue. In above example it is- ExtSystemSenderQueue2.

<connection-facory-jndi-name> i.e. connection factory JNDI name should be same as given while creating the new connection factory. In the above example it is- ExtSystemSenderQCF2.

<dispatch-policy> value should be same for all the Entities. i.e., ExtxfaceWorkManager



After Redeploying the ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB and restarting the server, check the **state** of the application by going in **Deployments** wizard on the weblogic server console. If it is not in "Active" state, it needs to be started manually, to do so, follow the steps mentioned below by keeping server in 'Running' state-

- Go into the **Control** tab.
- From the List of applications select the checkbox before **ExtxfaceSimulatorMDB ear**.
- Select the 'Start' dropdown list and from that select option-"Servicing all requests".

**Home** 

